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## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A polymer composition comprising (A) a polymer having a silicon atom bound to a hydrolytic group and/or a hydroxyl group, in which the maximum size of particles contained therein is 2  $\mu$ m or less, and the number of particles having a size of 0.2  $\mu$ m to 2  $\mu$ m is 1,000 particles/ml or less.

further contain (B) at least one component selected from the group consisting of an organosilane represented by the following general formula (1), a hydrolyzate of the organosilane and a condensate of the organosilane:

$$(R^1)_n Si(X)_{4-n} \qquad (1)$$

wherein, R<sup>1</sup>, which may be the same or different when two or more R<sup>1</sup> groups are present, represents a monovalent organic group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms; X represents a halogen atom or an alkoxyl or acetoxyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms; and n is an integer of 0 to 2.

3. The polymer composition according to claim 1 or 2, which further contain a compound having a recurring unit represented by the following general formula (2):

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} CH_{3} & CH_{3} & CH_{3} \\ \hline & | & | & | & | \\ -\left[CO\left(CH_{2}\right)CN=NC\left(CH_{2}\right)_{2}CONH\left(CH_{2}\right)_{3}Si_{3}\left(OSi\right)_{m}\left(CH_{2}\right)_{3}NH\right]_{n'} - & (2) \\ & | & | & | & | \\ CH_{3} & CH_{3} & CH_{3} & CH_{3} & CH_{3} \end{array}$$

wherein m is from 5 to 250, and n' is from 4 to 40.

4. The polymer composition according to any one of claims

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to 3, wherein the polystyrene-converted weight-average molecular weight of component (A) is from 1,000 to 100,000.

- 5. The polymer composition according to any one of claims to 4, which further contains (C) a photoacid generating agent.
- 6. The polymer composition according to any one of claims 1 to 5, which further contains (D) a dehydrating agent.
  - 7. A cured product obtained by coating a substrate with the polymer composition according to any one of claims 1 to 6, and subjecting the composition to heat curing and/or photo-curing.
- 8. The cured product according to claim 7, wherein a surface of the substrate has an arithmetical mean roughness of 0.5  $\mu$ m or less and/or a maximum height of projections thereon of 2  $\mu$ m or less.
- 9. The cured product according to claim 7, wherein the substrate is a film whose surface has an arithmetical mean roughness of 0.5  $\mu$ m or less and/or a maximum height of projections thereon of 2  $\mu$ m or less.
- 10. The cured product according to claim 7 or 8, wherein a surface of the cured product has an arithmetical mean roughness of 0.2  $\mu m$  or less and/or a maximum height of projections thereon of 2  $\mu m$  or less.
- 11. The cured product according to any one of claims 7 to .

  10, wherein the surface of the cured product has a hydroxyl group concentration of 10% or less.
- 12. The cured product according to any one of claims 7 to 25 11, wherein the surface of the cured product has a coefficient of

dynamic friction of 0.5 or less.

13. The cured product according to any one of claims 7 to 12, which has a release, non-adhesive function.

- 14. A laminate having the cured product composed of the polymer composition according to any one of claims 1 to 6 on a substrate film, in which a surface of the substrate has an arithmetical mean roughness of 0.5 μm or less and/or a maximum height of projections thereon of 2 μm or less and 1,000 projections/m² or less of projections having a height of 0.2 μm to 2 μm, and a surface of the cured product has an arithmetical mean roughness of 0.2 μm or less and/or a maximum height of projections thereon of 2 μm or less and 500 projections/m² or less of projections having a height of 0.2 μm to 2 μm.
- 15. A method for producing a cured product, which comprises
  15 coating a substrate with the polymer composition according to any
  one of claims 1 to 6, and subjecting the composition to heat curing
  and/or photo-curing.